

CLICK HERE TO JUMP TO USE DIRECTIONS

GORDON'S® BUG-NO-MORE® MULTI-PURPOSE CONCENTRATE

Kills Over 100 Listed Insects

ACTIVE INGREDIENT:
Permethrin* CAS Registry Number 52645-53-1..... 2.50%
INERT INGREDIENTS: 97.50%
TOTAL 100.00%

*Cis-trans isomer ratio: Max. 55% (±) cis and min. 45% (±) trans.
Contains petroleum distillates.

**KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
CAUTION**

READ LABEL

Shake Well Before Using

**Easy to apply – use hose-end sprayers,
tank sprayers or sprinkler cans**

**For Use on Residential Lawns, Gardens, Patios
and Home Picnic Areas Only**

Controls these and other listed outdoor insects:

Lawns – 12 primary lawn pests listed!	Gardens – over 40 garden pests listed!	Ornamental Trees, Flowers and Shrubs – over 25 listed pests!	Patios and other Outdoor residential areas – 17 listed pests!
Chinch bugs	Armyworms	Aphids	Flying moths
Crickets	Cutworms	Bagworms	Gnats
Cutworms	Leafhoppers	Leaf miners	House flies
Deer ticks	Aphids	Mealybugs	Mosquitos
Fleas	Psyllids	Spider mites	Ants
Grubs	Tarnished plant bugs	Thrips	Crickets
Sod webworms	Adult Japanese Beetles	Whiteflies	Millipedes

- Kills and repels bugs in your yard for 4 weeks!
- Aids in reducing annoyance from mosquitoes and other flying insects.
- Repels crawling insects from home recreation areas.



**READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST.
OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND
FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.**

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear safety glasses. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Applicators and other handlers of this product should wear:

- Long sleeve shirt
- Long pants
- Chemical-resistant gloves
- Shoes
- Socks

First Aid	
If on skin:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take off contaminated clothing. • Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. • Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
If swallowed:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Immediately call a poison control center or doctor. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor. Do not give any liquid to the person. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
<p>Have the product container or label with you when calling the Rocky Mountain Poison Control Center at 877-800-5556 or calling your doctor or going for treatment.</p> <p>Note to Physician: Contains petroleum distillates. Vomiting may cause aspiration pneumonia.</p>	

Environmental Hazards:

This product is extremely toxic to fish. Do not apply directly to water. Drift and runoff from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This product is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatments on blooming crops or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift to blooming crops or weeds while bees are actively visiting the treatment area.

Physical or Chemical Hazards:

Combustible. Do not use or store near heat or open flame.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

Not for use on plants and turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed production or for research purposes. For residential use only. Food utensils such as teaspoons or measuring cups should not be used for food purposes after use with insecticide. People and pets should not be allowed in treated areas until spray has dried.

PRODUCT PROFILE

Annoying outdoor insects controlled:

- Lawns: Chinch bugs, crickets, cutworms, deer ticks, fleas, grubs and sod webworms
- Gardens: Armyworms, cutworms, leafhoppers, aphids, psyllids and tarnished plant bugs
- Ornamental trees, flowers and shrubs: Aphids, bagworms, leaf miners, mealybugs and spider mites.
- Outdoor residential areas such as patios: Flying moths, gnats, house flies and mosquitoes.

When to apply:

- Apply this product when insects first appear. See below for listed insects.

Easy to apply:

- Use hose-end sprayers, tank sprayers or sprinkler cans.

Amount to use:

- For garden vegetables, prepare the spray mixture as described in Table 1.

GARDEN VEGETABLES

Table 1: Instructions for Garden Vegetables					
Garden vegetables and pests	Tank sprayers Amount to use, in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq.ft. ¹	Hose-end sprayers Dial settings	Maximum number of applications per season	Minimum retreatment interval	Time before harvest
Asparagus (pre-harvest) Asparagus beetle Cutworms Asparagus (post-harvest) Beetles (adult Japanese beetle, larval stages of asparagus beetle), lygus bugs, tarnished plant bug.	1.5 fl. oz.	1.5 oz.	4	When needed	1 day
Broccoli, Brussels sprout, and cauliflower Beet armyworm, cabbage aphid, cabbage loopers, diamondback moth and imported cabbageworm.	1.0 fl. oz.	1.0 oz.	8	5 days	1 day
Cabbage Beet armyworm, cabbage aphid, cabbage loopers, diamondback moth and imported cabbageworm.	1.0 fl. oz.	1.0 oz.	5	5 days	1 day
Cucurbits including cucumber, melons, pumpkin and squash, Balsam pear (bitter melon), Chinese waxgourd (Chinese preserving melon), citron -melon, cucumber, gherkin, edible gourds; melons including hybrids such as cantaloupe, casaba, crenshaw, honeydew, honey balls, mango melon, muskmelon, Persian melon, pumpkin, summer & winter squash, watermelon Flea beetle, aphid, cabbage looper, cucumber beetle (adults), cutworms, leafhoppers, leaf miners, melonworm, pickleworm, plant bug and squash bugs.	2.0 fl. oz.	2.0 oz.	8	When needed	0 day
Eggplant Colorado potato beetle and vegetable leaf miners	3.0 fl. oz.	3.0 oz.	10	When needed	3 day
Horseradish (Foliar application) Imported crucifer weevil	3.0 fl. oz.	3.0 oz.	3	When needed	30 day
Head Lettuce Corn earworm, beet armyworm and cabbage loopers	2.0 fl. oz.	2.0 oz.	10	5 to 10 days	1 day
Leafy Vegetables: Amaranth, arrugula, celery, celuce, chervil, corn salad, chrysanthemum (edible-leaved and upland), cress (garden and upland), dandelion, dock, endive, fennel, lettuce (head and leaf), okra, parsley, purslane (garden and winter), rhubarb, spinach and Swiss chard Alfalfa looper, aphid, beet armyworm, cabbage looper, corn earworm, cutworms, European corn borer, fall armyworm, green cloverworm, southern armyworm, Vegetable leaf miners.	2.0 fl. oz.	2.0 oz.	10	5 to 10 days	1 day
Potato Beet armyworm, Colorado potato beetle, potato leafhoppers, potato tuberworm, cabbage looper, cutworms, European corn borer, potato psyllid and tarnished plant bug.	1.5 fl. oz.	1.5 oz.	8	When needed	14 day
Peppers Vegetable leaf miners, cabbage looper, flea beetle, corn earworm, pepper weevil and European com borer.	2.0 fl. oz.	2.0 oz.	8	When needed	3 day
Strawberry, raspberry, blueberry Strawberry weevil, aphid, spider mites, lygus bug, flea beetles, omnivorous leaf tier, and spittlebug.	1.5 fl. oz.	1.5 oz.	8	When needed	14 day
Sweet corn Armyworms (fall and southern), corn earworm and European corn borers.	1.5 fl. oz.	1.5 oz.	6	3 days	3 day
Tomato Beet armyworm, southern armyworm, tomato pinworm, tomato fruitworm, hornworm, granulate cutworm. Colorado potato beetle and cabbage loopers.	1.5 fl. oz.	1.5 oz.	6	When needed	0 day

¹ Equal measures: 1 fl. oz. = 2 Tablespoons (TBS) = 6 Teaspoons (tsp.). 2 fl. oz. = 4 Tablespoons (TBS) = 12 Teaspoons (tsp.)

FRUIT TREES AND NUT TREES AT RESIDENTIAL SITES

How to apply:

- Use a tank sprayer or hose-end sprayers such as the Ortho® Dial-N-Spray®, the Hudson® Hose-End Liquid Concentrate Sprayer or the Gilmour® Dial-A-Mix® Sprayer. Set the dial to 2 oz.
- Spray to wet all foliage. Target the undersides of the leaves and try to penetrate dense foliage with the spray droplets.

When to apply:

- Apply when insects first appear. Re-treat when a reinfestation occurs and use intervals of 5 to 8 days.
- For apples: Do not apply after petal fall.

Amount to use:

- Prepare the spray mixture as described in Table 2.

Fruit trees and nut trees and pests	Tank sprayers Amount to use, fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water ¹	Hose-end sprayers Dial settings, Oz.	Maximum number of applications per season	Minimum retreatment interval, days	Days before harvest, days
Almonds and pecans Navel orangeworm and peach twig borer.	2.0	2.0 fl. oz.	5	When needed	7
Apple Green fruitworm, aphid, leafrollers (oblique-banded and redbanded), plum curculio, rosy apple aphid, spotted tentiform leafminer, tarnished plant bug and white apple leafhoppers.	2.0	2.0 fl. oz.	2	When needed	—
Peaches Borers (lesser peach tree and peach twig), green fruitworm, plum curculio, Oriental fruit moth and tarnished plant bug.	2.0	2.0 fl. oz.	5	When needed	14
Pears (Dormant through delayed dormant) Pear psylla	2.0	2.0 fl. oz.	2	—	Not applicable
Pears (summer) Codling moth, green fruitworm, pear psylla and aphids.	2.0	2.0 fl. oz.	3	When needed	14

¹ Equal measures: 2 fl. oz. = 4 Tablespoons (TBS) = 12 Teaspoons (tsp.)

ORNAMENTAL TREES, SHRUBS, FLOWERS AND ROSES

How to apply:

- Use a tank sprayer or hose-end sprayers such as the Ortho® Dial-N-Spray®, the Hudson® Hose-End Liquid Concentrate Sprayer or the Gilmour® Dial-A-Mix® Sprayer. Set the dial to 1 oz.
- Spray to wet all foliage. Target the undersides of the leaves and try to penetrate dense foliage with the spray droplets.

When to apply:

- Apply when insects first appear. Re-treat when a reinfestation occurs and use intervals of 5 to 8 days.
- Spray in the late afternoon or evening, when the temperature ranges from 50° to 75°F and when there is little or no wind.
- Do not exceed 16 applications per season.

Amount to use:

- Prepare the spray mixture as described in Table 3.

Ornamental trees, shrubs, flowers and roses	Pests	Tank sprayers Amount to use in 1 gallon of water ¹	Hose-end sprayers Dial settings	Maximum number of applications per season	Minimum retreatment interval
Arizona cypress, azalea, English ivy, weeping fig, honeysuckle, juniper, lilac, mock-orange, palm, tulip poplar, rhododendron and Taxus	Aphid, bagworm, cicadas, exposed thrips, fall cankerworm, inchworm, leafminers, mealybugs, spider mites, whiteflies and fall webworm	1.0 fl. oz.	1 oz.	16	5 to 8 days
Conifers	Budworms	1.0 fl. oz.	1.0 oz.	16	5 to 8 days
Elm	Elm leaf beetles, elm spanworms and fall webworms	1.0 fl. oz.	1.0 oz.	16	5 to 8 days
Douglas fir and grand fir	Tussock moths	1.0 fl. oz.	1 oz.	16	5 to 8 days
Non-bearing citrus	Citrus black flies	1.0 fl. oz.	1 oz.	16	5 to 8 days
Oak	Oakworm	1.0 fl. oz.	1 oz.	16	5 to 8 days
Pine	Pine beetle, pine moth, pine needle miners, needle scales	1.0 fl. oz.	1 oz.	16	5 to 8 days
Ageratum, aster, azalea, baby's breath, begonia, bleeding heart, cockscomb, coleus, common ninebark, cyclamen, snowberry, Exacum, gladiolus, gold bells, grape ivy, Hypoestes, ivy, lilac, marigold, mock-orange, nannyberry, orchid, pansy, pea shrub, petunia, piggy-back plant, philodendron, poinsettia, portulaca, pothos, prayer plant, rhododendron, rose, snapdragon, statice, verbena and zinnia.	Aphid, armyworm, bagworm, cutworms, cicadas, exposed thrips, fall cankerworm, fall webworm, inchworm, leafminers, leafrollers, mealybugs, psyllids, rose chafer, scale crawlers, spider mites and whiteflies.	1.0 fl. oz.	1.0 oz.	16	5 to 8 days

¹ Equal measures: 1 fl. oz. = 2 Tablespoons (TBS) = 6 Teaspoons (tsp.)

HOME LAWNS

How to apply:

- Use a tank sprayer or hose-end sprayers such as the Ortho® Dial-N-Spray®, the Hudson® Hose-End Liquid Concentrate Sprayer or the Gilmour® Dial-A-Mix® Sprayer. Set the dial to 2 oz. for grubs, cutworms and sod webworms.
- Thoroughly wet the turfgrass a few hours before applying. Turfgrass (lawns) should be no taller than 3 inches at time of application.

When to apply:

- Apply when insects first appear. Re-treat when a reinfestation occurs and use intervals of 14 days.
- Do not exceed 6 applications per season for grubs, cutworms and sod webworms.

Amount to use:

- Prepare the spray mixture as described in Table 4.

Home lawns	Pests	Tank sprayers Amount to use in 1 gallon of water to cover 1,000 sq. ft. ¹	Hose-end sprayers Dial settings	Maximum number of applications per season	Minimum retreatment interval
Lawns including cool season grass and warm season turfgrass such as bentgrass, bermudagrass, fescues, Kentucky bluegrass and St. Augustinegrass	Ants, crickets and grasshoppers	2.0 fl. oz.	4 tsp.	16	14 days
	Armyworm, brown dog ticks, chinch bugs, cutworms, deer ticks, fleas, grubs, mole crickets and sod webworms.	6.0 fl. oz.	2 oz.	6	14 days

¹ Equal measures: 1 fl. oz. = 2 Tablespoons (TBS) = 6 Teaspoons (tsp.)

FIRE ANTS

How to apply:

- Use a sprinkler can.

When to apply:

- Treat new mounds as they appear. Do not disturb the mound prior to treatment. If possible, treat all mounds in the vicinity, and treat all colonies, which may not have constructed a mound.
- For best results, apply in cool weather (65° to 80° F) or in early morning or late evening hours.

Amount to use:

- Mix 6 fl. oz. of product in 1 gallon of water to treat one mound. Apply 1 gallon of solution as a gentle rain to each fire ant mound using a sprinkler can. Thoroughly wet the mound and surrounding area to a 4-foot diameter.
- Larger quantities of solution can be prepared for multiple mound treatments. Use spray equipment that delivers the diluted product as a gentle rain at the rate of 1 gallon per mound. Do not use equipment that produces a pressurized spray as pressurized sprays may disturb fire ants and cause migration, reducing product effectiveness.

OUTDOOR NUISANCE PESTS

How to apply:

- Use a tank sprayer.

When to apply:

- Apply when insects first appear.
- Repeat applications as reinfestations occur.
- Do not exceed 24 applications per season.

Amount to use:

- Use 6 fl. oz. in 1 quart of water, treating 400 linear feet with a 6-inch spray band (200 sq. ft.)
- For larger areas, prepare the spray mixture as described in Table 5.

Amount of water	Amount of product	Area to be treated
1 quart	6 fl. oz.	200 sq. ft. or a 6-inch band 400 linear feet
2 quarts	12 fl. oz.	400 sq. ft. or a 6-inch band 800 linear feet
1 gallon	24 fl. oz.	800 sq. ft. or a 6-inch band 1600 linear feet

Sites	Pests	How to Use
Perimeter treatment to soil, vegetation and lower buildings (foundations)	Ants, clover mites, cluster flies, crickets, earwigs, fleas, flying moths, gnats, house flies, millipedes, mosquitoes, sowbugs (pillbugs), spiders, tent caterpillars, ticks (brown dog, deer and lone star).	To prevent infestation of buildings, treat the building foundation to a height of 2 to 3 feet, where pests are active and may find entrance.
Outside surfaces of buildings	Ants, clover mites, crickets, earwigs, millipedes, sowbugs (pillbugs).	Apply as a residual spray to outside surfaces of buildings, including porches, screens, window frames, eaves, patios, picnic areas, garages, refuse piles, and other areas where these pests congregate or have been seen.

(continued on next page)

Sites (cont.)	Pests (cont.)	How to Use (cont.)
Outside residential or noncrop areas	Ants, crickets, earwigs, fleas, spiders, ticks (brown dog, deer, lone star).	For treatment of localized infestations of these insects in areas where there are weeds, shrubs, or bushy non-crop areas, spray infested areas thoroughly. For ants, thoroughly wet hills and runways.
	Cluster flies, flying moths, gnats, house flies, mosquitoes.	For use only as an aid in reducing annoyance from these insects. Spray outside surfaces of screens, doors, window frames or wherever these insects may enter the room. Also, treat surfaces around light fixtures on porches, under patio furniture, in garages, and other places where insects alight or congregate.
	Tent caterpillars	Application should be made when caterpillars are young and tents are first noticed. For best results, apply in the late afternoon or evening, when caterpillars have returned to their tents. Wet tents with spray on all sides. A few caterpillars may be seen escaping from the tent, however, they should die within several hours.

HOUSE PLANTS, INDOORS

How to apply:

- Use a tank sprayer or a trigger sprayer.
- Spray to wet all foliage.
- Adjust spray volume used to plant size. Spray directly on insects.
- If application is to be made indoors, remove infested plants from living area prior to application. Spray plants in an area not likely to be occupied by people or pets (particularly fish bowls or tanks). When leaves dry, plants can be returned to original location.

When to apply:

- Apply when insects first appear. Re-treat when a reinfestation occurs and use intervals of 5-8 days.
- Do not exceed 16 applications per season.

Amount to use:

- Prepare the spray mixture as described in Table 6.
- Do not use more product than recommended, as this may cause some plant injury.
- Use with care on ferns, palms and fuchsia.
- As with all plants listed, especially carnations, chrysanthemums, and roses, there exists a wide variety of susceptibility to injury. To determine potential injury, spray a few plants as described above, wait 24 hours, and check for possible injury.

House Plants, Indoors	Pests	Tank sprayers Amount to use, fl. oz. in 1 gallon of water ¹	Maximum number of applications per season
Ageratum, Ardisia, aster, baby's breath, begonia, birdsnest fern, bleeding heart, carnation, chrysanthemum, coleus, crown of thorns, cockscomb, cyclamen, dracaena, dumbcane, English ivy, fuschia, gladiolus, grape ivy, Hypoestes ivy, juniper, lily, marigold, orchid, palm, pansy, peperomia, petunia, philodendron, piggy-back plant, poinsettia, portulaca, pothos, prayer plant, purple passion, rabbits foot fern, rose, schefflera, snake plant, statice, velvet plant, verbena, zinnia.	Aphid, armyworm, corn earworm, cutworms, cabbageworm, exposed thrips, fall cankerworm, fungus gnats, inchworm, leafminers, leafrollers, mealybugs, scales, spider mites, spring cankerworm and whiteflies.	1.0 fl. oz.	16

¹ Equal measures: 1 fl. oz. = 2 Tablespoons (TBS) = 6 Teaspoons (tsp.)

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage and disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Store in a cool, dry place, preferably a locked storage area. Store above freezing. Do not store diluted spray. Store with container tightly closed.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. **If empty:** Place in trash or offer for recycling if available. **If partly filled:** Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER STATEMENT

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MANUFACTURED BY
PBI/GORDON CORPORATION
1217 WEST 12TH STREET
KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI 64101
www.pbigordon.com